



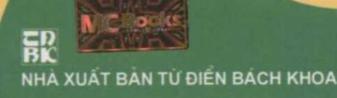
TUYÊN TẬP CÁC BÀI LUYỆN THI Tiếng Anh

Trình độ C

Dành cho người luyện thi chứng chỉ C

Dành cho Học sinh - Sinh viên

Dành cho người đi làm học thêm tiếng Anh



* w

The Windy NGUYỄN THU HUYỀN (chủ biên)

TUYỂN TẬP CÁC BÀI LUYỆN THI

Tiếng Anh

TRÌNH ĐỘ C

MODERN

Hiệu đính: MỸ HƯƠNG & NGUYỄN XOAN

NHÀ XUẤT BẢN TỪ ĐIỂN BÁCH KHOA

LÒI NÓI ĐẦU

Bạn đọc thân mến!

Để có thêm tài liệu thiết thực phục vụ nhu cầu học tập theo giáo trình Lifelines, New Headway, Headway và luyện thi chứng chỉ A, B, C, của đông đảo các bạn học viên, sinh viên. Chúng tôi cin giới thiệu bộ sách:

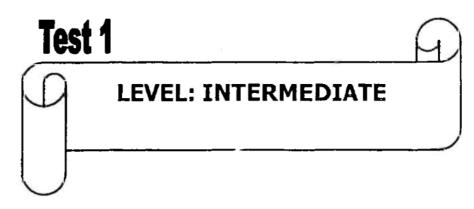
Tuyển tập các bài luyện thi tiếng Anh trình độ A Tuyển tập các bài luyện thi tiếng Anh trình độ B Tuyển tập các bài luyện thi tiếng Anh trình độ C

Mỗi cuốn gồm 30 đề luyện thi, mỗi đề luyện thi được biên soạn dựa theo nội dung của các đề thi thực tế tại các trung tâm ngoại ngữ hiện nay. Thêm vào đó có một số bài cung cấp nhiều lạng bài tập như: bài tập ngữ pháp, bài tập từ vựng, bài tập trắc nghiệm, bài tập viết lại câu.... Tất cả các bài luyện thi đều được rình bày theo logic chặt chẽ, đồng thời cũng mang tính đa dạng, phong phú để tạo hứng thú cho sinh viên trong việc làm bài. Sau nỗi bài kiểm tra đều có đáp án kèm theo để học viên có thể đối thiếu, so sánh và tự kiểm tra, đánh giá khả năng của mình.

Chúng tôi mong rằng bộ sách này là một tài liệu hữu ích có thể giúp các bạn tự học và tự ôn luyện tiếng Anh.

Chúc các bạn đạt được nhiều kết quả!

NGUYỄN THU HUYỀN



I. Choose the word or ph	rase (a, b, c or d) which best complete
each sentence	¥
1. The film severa	l scenes that might upset young children.
a. admits	c. contains
b. involves	d. displays
2. They talked for three da	ys before finally to a decision
a. reaching	c. bringing
b. coming	d. arriving
3. I am not in the least	about his opinion.
a. aware	c. interested
b. concerned	d. regarded
4. Their aim is to	up a new political party.
a. strike	c. set
b. stand	d. show
5. I phoned the bank to	how much money there was in m
account.	·
a. control	c. test
b. inspect	d. check
_	ey for a bus, he had to walk all the way
home.	
a. For	c. So
b. Thus	d. As

ldn't find at all.
c. someone
d. somebody
walk quickly to keep warm.
c. frozen
d. mild
iano every day it is
c. also
d. although
ne where the railway station is.
c. tell
d. point
letter for days, and at it
c. present
d. the finish
ou to post that letter.
c. remind
d. recall
out I hung until he was free.
c. to
d. on
he temperature sharply at
c. descends
d. reduces

15. The children threw snowballs at	on their way to school.
a. themselves	c. each other
b. another	d. their own
16. It happened we were a	asleep last Friday night.
a. during	c. while
b. for	d. since
17. The plate was right on the been knocked off at any momen	
a. border	c. margin
b. tip	d. edge
18. I am not sure how old she is bu	it she must be for 70.
a. going by	c. getting on
b. getting up	d. going off
19. Her watch had stopped so she h	ad no way of knowing the
a. hour	c. time
b. moment	d. o'clock
20. We absolutely with e	verything that has been said.
a. agree	c. admit
b. accept	d. approve

II. Read the passage and then choose one answer, for each of the following questions:

The Nobel prizes, awarded annually for distinguished work in chemistry, physics, physiology or medicine, literature, and international peace, were made available by a fund bequeathed for that purpose by Swedish philanthropist, Alfred Bernhard Nobel.

The prizes, awarded since 1901, are administered by the Nobel Foundation in Stockholm. In 1969, a prize for economics endowed by the Central Bank of Sweden was added. Candidates for the prizes

must be nominated in writing by a qualified authority in the field of competition. Candidates are judged by Swedish and Norwegian academies and institutes on the basis of their contribution to mankind. The awards are usually presented in Stockholm on December 10, with the king of Sweden officiating, an appropriate tribute to Alfred Nobel on the anniversary of his death. Each prize includes a gold medal, a diploma, and a cash award about one million dollars.

- 1. What does this passage mainly discuss?
- a. Alfred Bernhard Nobel
- b. The Nobel prizes
- Great contributions to mankind
- d. Swedish philanthropy
- 2. How often are the Nobel prizes awarded?
- a. Five times a year
- b. Twice a year
- c. Once a year
- d. Once every two year
- 3. A Nobel prize would not be given to
- a. an author who wrote a novel
- o. a doctor who discovered a vaccine
- 2. a writer who plagiarized most of his works from the other writers
- 4. Why were the prizes named after Alfred Bernhard Nobel?
- 1. He left money in his will to establish a fund for prizes.
- He won the first Nobel prize for the prizes for his work in philanthropy.

- c. He's now the first living in Sweden.
- d. He serves as judge of the Nobel Foundation.
- 5. Why are the awards presented on December 10th?
- a. Because it is a tribute to the king of Sweden.
- b. Because Alfred Bernhard died on that day.
- c. Because that day was suggested by Nobel's will.
- d. Because the Central bank of Sweden administers the trust.

III. Read the article below and put a cross on the letter next to the word that best fits each space.

Traffic lights

The first traffic signal was invented by a railway signaling engineer. It was installed (1)......the Houses of Parliament in 1868. It (2) like any railway signal of the time, and was operated by gas. (3), it exploded and killed a policeman and the accident (4) further development until carabecame common.

(5) traffic lights are an American invention. Red green (6) were installed in Cleveland in 1914. Three color signals, operated (7) hand from a tower in the (8 of the street, were installed in New York in 1918 The (9) lights of this type to (10) in Britain were in London, on the junction between St. Jame's Street and Piccalilli, in 1925. Automatic signals were installed (11 year later.

In the past, traffic lights were (12) In New York some lights had a statue on top. In Los Angeles, the lights did no just (13) silently, but would ring bells to (14)